Approximately **1.6 million people** migrated between provinces.

More than half a million people migrated from other provinces to Maputo province and city.

60% of migrants are youth (aged 15-34).

Inhambane, Zambezia, and Gaza are the top provinces where peoples emigrated from other provinces.
The settlement of international immigration is highest in Tete, Maputo province and Niassa. 50% of the migrants living in the two provinces are involved in low-paid jobs. 2/3 of men that migrated have less primary education than 2/3 of women who migrated. The majority of single women migrated to Maputo City. 2/3 of women who migrated are single. 55,000 peoples migrated to Mozambique from other countries during 2012-2017. Recommendations:
1. Although migration flows are reducing between census, a pattern of internal migration predominantly north-central-south prevails towards the main urban centers, as a result urban areas face challenges to absorb an increasingly growing population and provide public services in quantity and quality.
2. Increase investment in education, science, and technology is needed, and establish universities or higher education centers in cities in northern areas.
3. Direct economic investments to territorial units where there is a lack of employment, creating productive infrastructure and services that provide opportunities for employment, and basic social services.